



Introduction of Research on Wireless Transmission Theories and Technologies

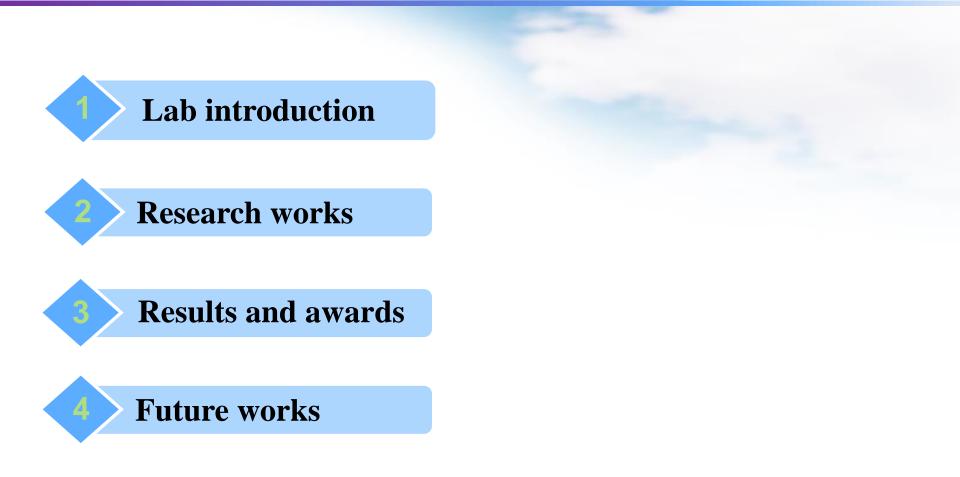
Linglong Dai

Department of Electronic Engineering,

Tsinghua University

June 2019

Outline



Affiliation

- Department of Electronic Engineering, Tsinghua University
 - > University ranking: No. 17 in the world (No. 1 in China), QS 2019
 - **EE** ranking: No. 12 in the world (No. 1 in China), QS 2019





 Beijing National Research Center for Information Science and Technology



Research directions

• Wireless transmission theories and technologies

5G/6G wireless communications

- ✓ Massive MIMO
- ✓ Millimeter-wave/THz communications
- ✓ New waveforms (NOMA, FTN, OTFS, etc.)
- ✓ Reconfigurable intelligent surface (RIS)
- ✓ Channel coding (LDPC/Polar codes)
- Machine learning for wireless communications
- Compressive sensing for wireless communications
- Advanced prototype and demo platform





Research group

• Professors





Postdoc







• Graduate students (12 Ph.D students + 2 Master students)



Research feature

- Consider both the basic research as well as the major industrial applications
 - Basic research on the fundamental theory with international academic impact, as well as the potential applications in strategical industry of China
 - Supported by governments (e.g., 973 plan, 863 program, NSFC, etc.) as well as industry (e.g., British Telecom., Huawei, China Mobile, etc.)
- Major projects
 - > The first group of 863 Projects on 5G Research (2014-2016)
 - > The first group of Major Projects on 5G commercialization (2018-2019)
 - Principle investigator (PI) of many national projects from NSFC, MOST

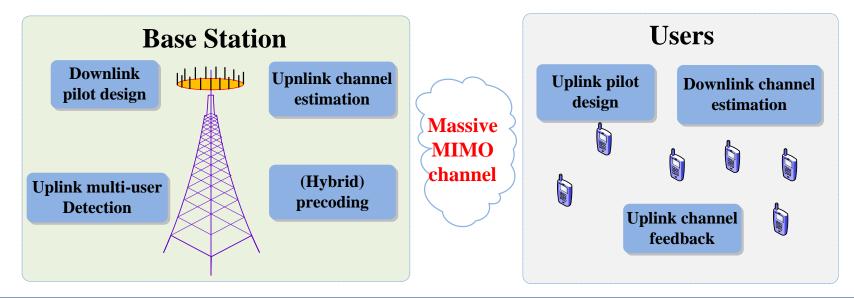


International cooperation

No.	Country	Organization	Collaborator	Achievements
1	UK	University of Southampton	Prof. Lajos Hanzo Fellow of the Royal Academy of Engineering IEEE Fellow	1 joint project (finished) 8 joint papers
2	USA	The University of Texas at Austin	Prof. Robert Heath IEEE Fellow	Co-supervisor of a Ph.D. student 4 joint papers
3	USA	University of Wisconsin-Madison	Prof. Akbar Sayeed IEEE Fellow	Co-supervisor of a Ph.D. student 3 joint papers
4	USA	Columbia University	Prof. Xiaodong Wang Fellow of the National Academy of Sciences	Co-supervisor of a Ph.D. student 4 joint papers
5	Japan	Tohoku University	Prof. Fumiyuki Adachi One creator of WCDMA IEEE Fellow	5 joint papers
6	Korea	Seoul National University	Prof. Byonghyo Shim Expert in Wireless	1 joint project (ongoing) 5 joint papers
7	Canada	University of Waterloo	Prof. Sherman Shen Fellow of the Royal Society of Canada IEEE Fellow	Co-supervisor of two Ph.D. students 1 joint paper

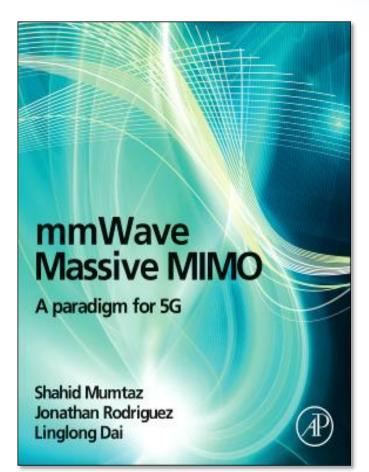
Example: Research on massive MIMO

- **Pilot design** and downlink channel estimation based on compressive sensing
- Uplink pilot decontamination based on graph coloring
- Low-overhead codebook design based on channel subspace
- Efficient channel feedback based on low-rank matrix completion
- Low-complexity uplink multi-user MIMO signal detection
- Energy-efficient SIC-based hybrid precoding design
- **Performance analysis** of massive MIMO with practical constraints
- Integration of massive MIMO with mmWave, THz, NOMA, lens antenna, etc.





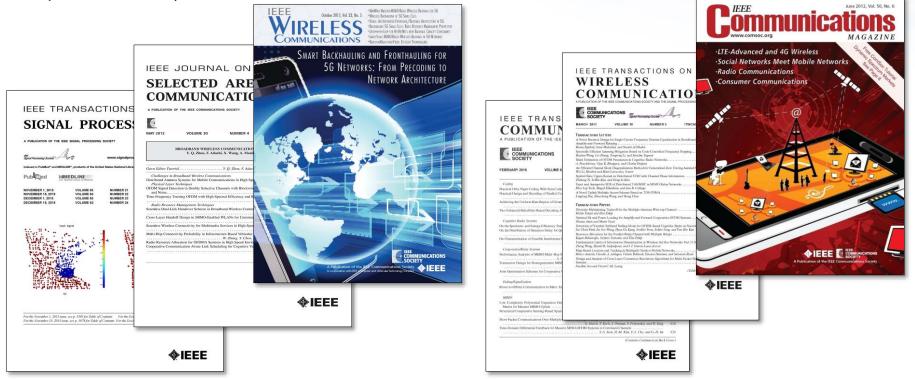
• Publish 1 book and translate 1 book





Paper publication

- Publish 112 papers (70 journal papers and 42 conference papers)
- 62 IEEE journal papers (IEEE TSP/JSAC/TWC/TCOM, etc.)
- **13** papers on *IEEE Journal on Selected Areas in Communications* (IF: 8.085)



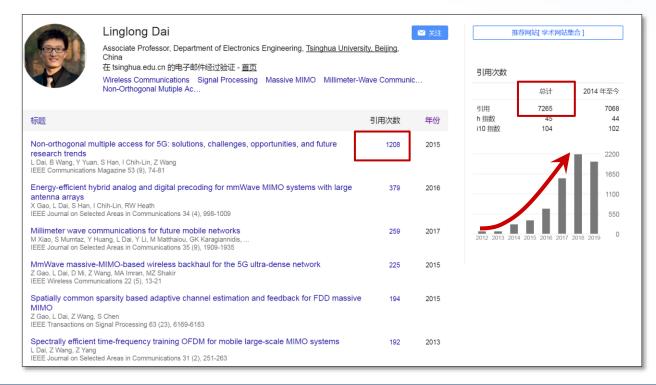
Paper publication

• Top 10 out of 89 SCI journals in the area of telecommunications

Rank	Journal	IF 2017	No. of papers
1	IEEE Communications Surveys & Tutorials	17.188	2
2	IEEE Communications Magazine	10.435	4
3	IEEE Wireless Communications	8.972	2
4	IEEE Journal on Selected Areas in Communications	8.085	13
5	IEEE Internet of Things Journal	7.596	/
6	IEEE Network	7.230	/
7	Vehicular Communications	5.108	/
8	IEEE Transactions on Wireless Communications	4.951	2
9	IEEE Vehicular Technology Magazine	4.429	/
10	IEEE Transactions on Vehicular Technology	4.066	12

Paper citation

- Google scholar citation: 7200+, Highest citation: 1200+
- ESI Top 1% Highly Cited Papers: 13
- ESI Top 0.1% Hot Paper: 3
- The citers include 8 academicians from U.S., Canada, U.K., 10 Editors of the top IEEE journals, and 60 IEEE Fellows



Patents

• 10 granted patents

No.	Title	Number	date	Inventors
1	时域同步正交频分复用系统中的 CP- OFDM 信号重构方法及装置	ZL200810118118.9	2011-12-28	Jian Fu, Linglong Dai, Jian Song, Jun Wang, Jintao Wang, Zhixing Wang
2	TOA 定位的估计方法及基于该估计方法的 精确定位方法	ZL200910237602.8	2012-02-08	Zhaocheng Wang, Linglong Dai, Jun Wang, Zhixing Yang
3	上行多用户时域同步频分多址接入方法	ZL201010129747.9	2013-01-30	Jian Song, Linglong Dai, Jian Fu, Zhixing Yang
4	基于广播电视网的物联网组网方法及其路 由方法	ZL201010218532.4	2013-06-05	Zhaocheng Wang, Depeng Jin, Yong Li, Linglong Dai, Changyong Pan
5	基于时频二维训练的 OFDM 块传输方法	ZL 201110124559.1	2013-08-07	Zhaocheng Wang, Linglong Dai, Zhixing Yang
6	基于物理层管道技术的定位方法	ZL201110188004.3	2014-01-29	Zhaocheng Wang, Ruifeng Ma, Linglong Dai, Zhixing Yang
7	基于压缩感知理论的TDS-OFDM传输方法	ZL201210054244.9	2014-07-02	Zhixing Yang, Linglong Dai, Zhaocheng Wang, Changyong Pan
8	一种球解码方法及球解码器	ZL201310174342.0	2016-06-22	Chen Qian, Linglong Dai, Zhaocheng Wang
9	基于信道空时相关性的稀疏MIMO-OFDM 信道估计方法	ZL201410025293.9	2017-01-11	Linglong Dai, Zhen Gao, Chao Zhang, Zhaocheng Wang
10	信道时域相关性低复杂度压缩感知的信道 估计方法及装置	ZL201310745257.5	2017-02-15	Linglong Dai, Zhen Gao, Chao Zhang, Zhaocheng Wang

Patents

• 10 issued patents

No.	Title	Number	date	Inventors
1	一种多载波Large-Scale MIMO系统的发射信号配 置及信道估计的方法和设备	201410099131.X	2014-03-17	Linglong Dai, Zhen Gao, Zhaocheng Wang
2	一种多载波Large-Scale MIMO系统的重叠导频方 法	201410140828.7	2014-04-09	Linglong Dai, Zhen Gao, Zhaocheng Wang
3	低复杂度的毫米波MIMO模拟波束赋形方法	201510050035.0	2015-01-30	Xinyu Gao, Linglong Dai, Zhaocheng Wang, Jinhui Chen
4	Interference Coordination of Small Cell Cluster in Ultra Dense Networks (UDN) with Base Station (BS) Assisting Information	FAI16GB3312X	2016-04-30	Yang Yang, Linglong Dai, Yuan Zhang, Richard MacKenzie, and Mo Hao
5	一种低复杂度的毫米波波束空间收发设计方案	201610839401.5	2016-06-24	Xinyu Gao, Linglong Dai, Sen Wang, Shuangfeng Han, Chih-Lin I
6	一种基于子空间的码本设计方法	201610056982.5	2016-07-24	Wenqian Shen, Linglong Dai, Yi Shi, Leiming Zhang
7	基于角度的重叠导频设计方法	201610074557.7	2016-09-25	Linglong Dai, Chen Hu, Jianjun Li, Yi Shi, Leiming Zhang
8	Multi-Resolution Beam Management in Millimetre-Wave Communications Systems for 5G	201810589433.3	2018-06-08	Linglong Dai, Wenqian Shen, Jianjun Li, Richard MacKenzie, and Mo Hao
9	低成本低能耗的模数混合波束赋型技术	201710034980.4	2017-01-18	Xinyu Gao, Linglong Dai, Yi Shi, Leiming Zhang
10	一种FD-MIMO系统中的参考信号设计方法	201710030892.3	2017-02-22	Jianjun Li, Linglong Dai, Sen Wang, Shuangfeng Han, Chih-Lin

Awards

- 2018 IEEE ComSoc Asia-Pacific Outstanding Paper Award
- **2018 IEEE ICC Best Paper Award (Top 1.5%)**
- **2017 NSFC Outstanding Young Scholar Award**
- 2017 IEEE ComSoc Asia-Pacific Outstanding Young Researcher Award

ComSoc

- 2017 IEEE VTC-Fall Best Student Paper (Top 0.2%)
- 2017 IEEE ICC Best Paper Award (Top 1.2%)
- **2016 Electronics Letters Best Paper Award (Top 0.1%)**
- 2016 URSI AP-RASC Young Scientist Award
- **2015 IEEE Trans. Broadcast. Best Paper Award**
- 2014 IEEE ICC Best Paper Award (Top 1.8%)







Awards

- 2013 IEEE ICC Best Paper Award (Top 1.3%)
- 2013 National Excellent Doctoral Dissertation Nomination Award
- 2013 Excellent postdoctoral (Top 0.8%)
- 2012 Beijing Excellent Doctoral Dissertation Award
- 2011 Excellent graduates of Tsinghua University
- 2011 Tsinghua Excellent Doctoral Dissertation Award
- 2011 Academic Star of Tsinghua (Top 0.05%)
- 2010 First price of GE Technology Innovation Award
- 2010 First class of comprehensive scholarship
- 2009 Outstanding student leaders

	荣誉证书
清华大学优秀博士后 证 书 经校博士后管理委员会批准,	戴凌龙: 您的《新一代中国地面数字电视演进标准的关键技术研究》 被评为 2012 年北京市优秀博士学位论文。
義凌龙博士柴获 2013 年"清华大学 优秀博士后"奖。	编码, 201217 年八月
編号:201301 エロー三年四月二十二日	- AN





Projects

No.	Project name	Project source	Time	Role
1	Wideband Transmission Theory and Technologies	National Natural Science Foundation of China	2017/01-2019/12	PI
2	Key Signal Processing Technologies for 5G Millimeter-Wave Massive MIMO with Lens Array	Royal Academy of Engineering, <mark>UK</mark>	2017/04-2019/03	PI
3	New Multiple Access Technique with Massive Connectivity and Low Latency for 5G	Korea National Research Foundation, <mark>Korea</mark>	2017/03/-2019/02	PI
4	Research on Non-Orthogonal Multiple Access (NOMA) for 5G	National Natural Science Foundation of China	2016/01-2019/12	PI
5	Low-Cost Architecture for High-Frequency Communications	Huawei	2018/09-2019/09	PI
6	Basic Theory for Capacity-Approaching and Highly Reliable Broadband Spectrum Communication	National Key Basic Research Program	2015/01-2017/12	PI
7	5G System Design, Key Technology Research and Standardization	China Mobile	2015/04-2016/04	PI
8	Green Heterogeneous Sensor Networks Based on Broadcasting for Smart City	China MOST	2015/04-2017/03	Ы
9	Spectrum-Efficient TFT-OFDM Based on Time- Frequency Training	National Natural Science Foundation of China	2013/01-2015/12	PI
10	Transmission Mechanism and Channel Capacity Analysis of Broadband Spectrum Communication	National Key Basic Research Program	2013/01-2014/12	PI

Academic services

- Editor, IEEE Transactions on Communications (IF: 4.058)
- Editor, IEEE Transactions on Vehicular Technology (IF: 4.066)
- Area Editor, IEEE Communications Letters (IF: 1.988)
- Co-Chair, 5G Signal Processing of IEEE Communications Society

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Academic services

Guest Editor, IEEE Journal on Selected Areas in Communications (topic: mmWave communications) (IF: 8.085)

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MILLIMETER WAVE COMMUNICATIONS FOR FUTURE MOBILE NETWORKS

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IEEE JSAC Special Issue on Millimeter Wave Communications for Future Mobile Networks

The rand popularization of mark terminals with energing new applications, faure column retensity, i.e., the Sh generation (SG) wireless communication retensions and beyond, are extended on machine by very high reter and a large market moduly. Thus, there are strong extended on machine by very high reters and a large market moduly. Thus, there are strong extended on machine by the significant and the strong strong strong strong der A powning may to significant extension and the strong strong strong with requires to a longer frequencies, exactable to allered wave (molWeard) application (ID-300 deft) to provide mathematical and the pre-scored (Gaps) retes. Other advertages of molWeard back term of technical and the pre-scored (Gaps) retes. Other advertages of molWeard back term of backets for definitions, but manimum strong, and mapping exactly. Despite the benefits, we need to address many classings in order to make minimize and excitive. Despite the benefits, we need to address many classings in order to make minimize and excited strong strong

feasible, such as strong blockages for directional signals, limited the multiplexing gains, compairs hardware complexity and high every consumption etc. The main goal of this special issue is to explore new ideas and developments to address these challenging problems of mmWave communications for future cellular relevinos. The purpose is not only to serve as a colection of a mmWave communications, but also to insigne readeal/researchers to contribute in this exchtig and promising field. The topics of interest include, but are not intekt to the following rease of mmWave communications:

Guest Editors

Ming Xiao, Royal Institute of Technology, Sweden, Email: mingx@kth.se Shahid Mutmtaz, Campus Universit¢rio de Santiago, Portugal, Email: smuntaz@av.it.pt Yongming Huang, Southeast University, China, Email: huangvm@seu.edu.cn Linglong Dai, Tsinghua University, China, Email: huangvm@seu.edu.cn Yonghui Li, University of Sydney, Australia, Email: yonghui.l@sydney.edu.au Michail Matthaiou, Queen's University Belfast, UK, Email: m.matthaiou@qub.ac.uk George K. Karagiannidis, Aristotle University of Thessaloniki, Greece, Email: geokarag@auth.gr Emil Björnson, Linköping University, Sweden, Email: emil.bjornson@liu.se Theodore S. Rappaport, New York University, USA, Email: tsr@nyu.edu Chih-Lin I, China Mobile, China, Email: al@chinamobile.com Amitava Ghosh, Nokia, USA, Email: kai.yang@huawei.com

Leading Guest Editor, IEEE Wireless Communications (topic: nonorthogonal multiple access) (IF: 8.972)



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NON-ORTHOGONAL MULTIPLE ACCESS FOR 5G

CALL FOR PAPERS

In the 5th generation (5G) of wireless communication systems, hitherto unprecedented requirements such as high spectral efficiency, massive connectivity, and low latency are expected to be satisfied. As a promising technique to address these challenges, non-orthogonal multiple access (NOMA) has been actively investigated in recent years. Unlike conventional orthogonal multiple access (NOMA) has been actively investigated in recent years. Unlike conventional orthogonal multiple access (NOMA) has been actively investigated in recent years. Unlike conventional orthogonal multiple access (NOMA) and hence introduce a controllable amount of inter-user interferences that can be multigated with the aid of sophisticated multi-user detectors at the cost of investigated for 5G, such as power-domain NOMA, code-domain NOMA including multiple access solutions relying on low-density spreading, sparse code multiple access, latice partition multiple access, multi-user shared access, as well as pattern division multiple access. Access, multi-user shared access, as well as pattern division multiple access access, multi-user shared access, as used in 3GPP under the name multi-user supersolution transmission (MUST). The NOMA principle has also been recently standardized by the next generation digital TV standard ATSC 3.0 under the term layered division multiplexing (LDM), and related field test results have demonstrated significant gains in spectral efficiency.

GUEST EDITORS



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Prototype 1: Wireless communication with large antenna array

- Wireless communication based on 256-element large intelligent surface
 - > New antenna array design and verification at 2.3 GHz
 - Real-time VR video transmission



256-element surface array at the BS



Real-time video Demo

Prototype 2: DL-based millimeter-wave communication

- Deep learning (DL) based mmWave communication
 - DL-based end-to-end communications
 - 256-element antenna array
 - 28 GHz, 1.6 Gbps

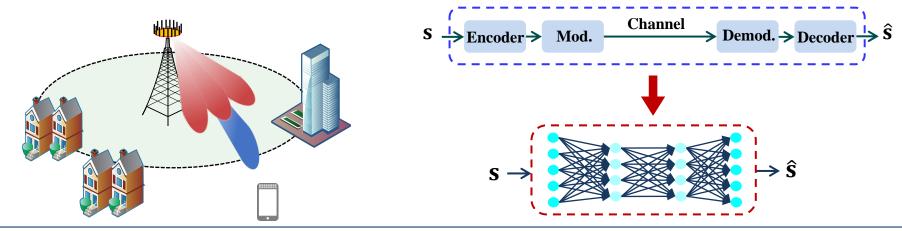


Exhibit@IEEE ICC 2019, May 2019

Real-time video Demo

Research plan

- 6G technologies
 - THz communications, RIS, OTFS, Polar codes, etc.
- Machine learning for future wireless communications
 - ML-based algorithm design (signal detection, precoding, channel estimation, codebook design, channel feedback, etc.)
 - ML-based architecture design (joint receiver design, autoencoder-based joint transceiver design, etc.)
- Prototype for THz and ML





Tsinghua University



Thanks